

**City of Thibodaux- Emergency Operations Center
Located in the Warren J. Harang Jr. Auditorium
310 N. Canal Blvd, Thibodaux, La. 70302**

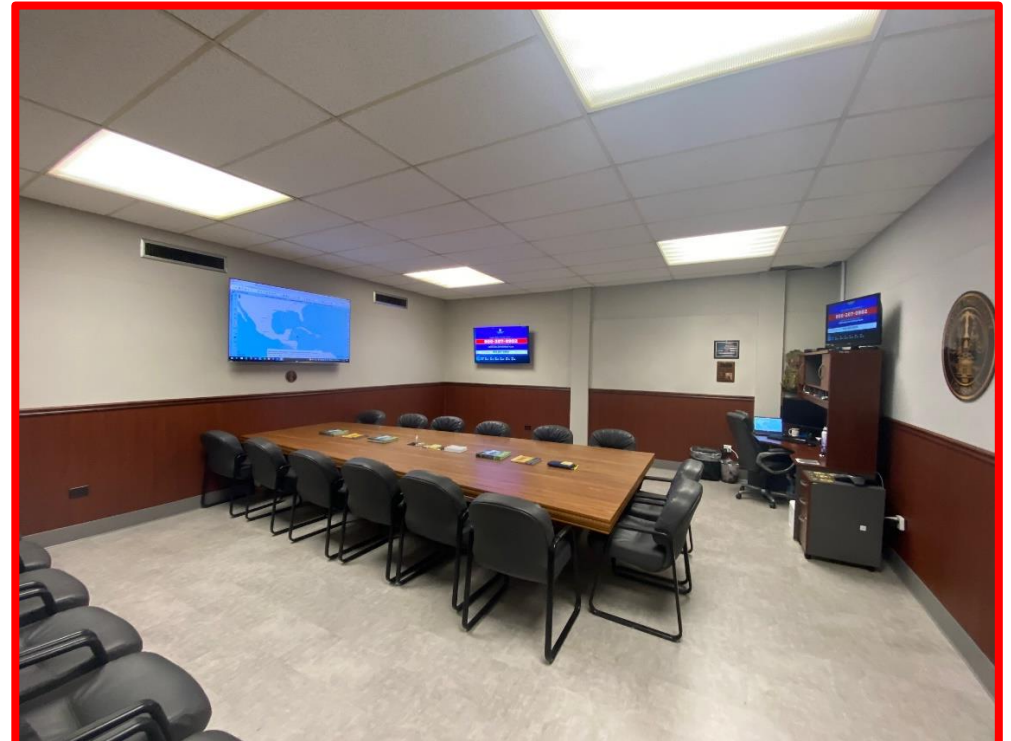
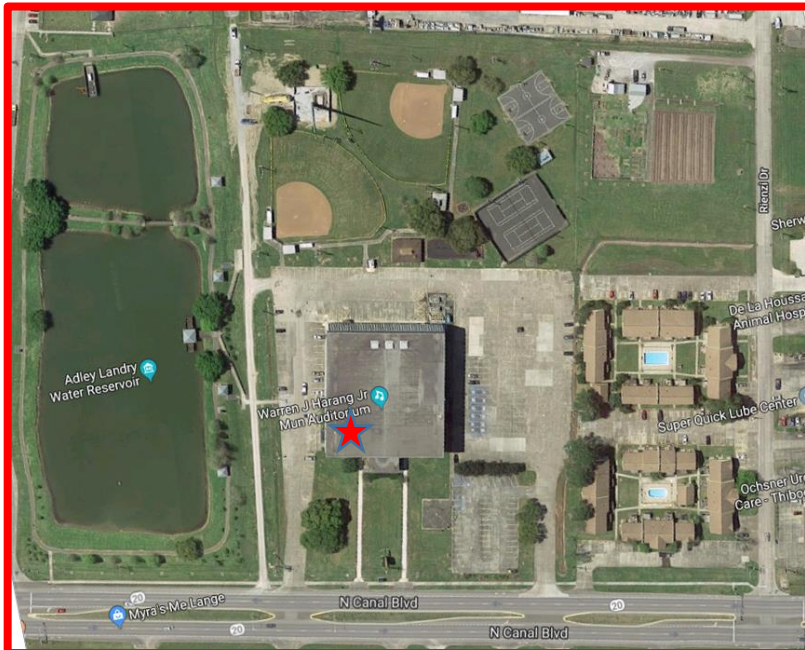


Warren J. Harang Jr. Auditorium

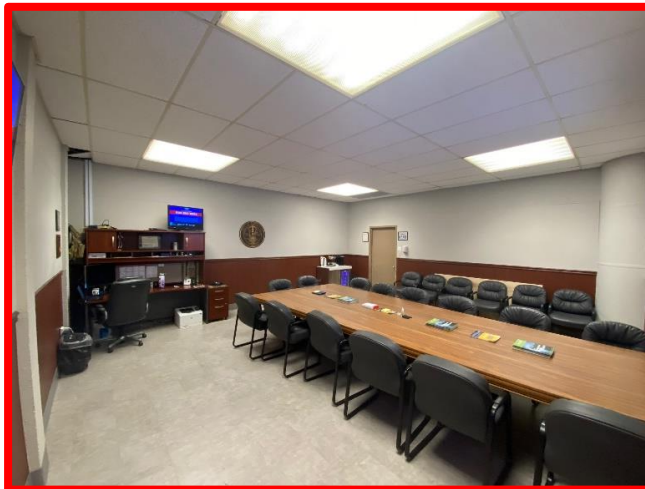
Regionally Located on a Major Road Structure with Access in All Directions
Hardened Complex with Industrial Generator Backup Power
Serves as a Regional Commodities Distribution Site
Serves as a Louisiana Department of Health Point of Distribution
Serves as a First Responder and Infrastructure Commercial Work Staging Facility
Shower and Sleeping Facilities for First Responders and City Employees

Emergency Operations Center

Serves as a Joint Use Facility
State of the Art Communications
Unified Command Group Emergency Operations Center
Point of Distribution Command and Control Center
Executive Conference Center
Training Room
Recording Studio



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11 MOST LIKELY HAZARDS IN LOUISIANA



FLOODING

A natural condition that is the result of an overflowing river, heavy rain, dam break, levee failure or snow or ice melting too fast. Hurricanes and tornadoes can also cause flooding.



HAILSTORM

Severe thunderstorms in which chunks of ice fall along with rain.



HURRICANE

A tropical storm with sustained winds at least 74 mph on the Saffir-Simpson Scale. Heavy rain, strong winds and large waves can damage cars, buildings and homes. Hurricane season runs from June 1 – November 30.



TORNADO

A violent storm that appears as a funnel-shaped cone with winds that can be as strong as 300 mph or more. Tornadoes can also occur within other storms, such as hurricanes.



ICE STORM

Ice storms consist of freezing temperatures and heavy precipitation, usually in the form of rain, freezing rain or sleet, and sometimes in the form of snow and ice.



STORM SURGE

Storm surge is an abnormal rise of water generated by a storm, over and above the predicted astronomical tides. Storm surge should not be confused with storm tide, which is defined as the water level rise due to the combination of storm surge and the astronomical tide.



SUBSIDENCE

Subsidence is the loss of surface elevation due to the removal of subsurface support. Along with sea level rise, subsidence can accelerate coastal erosion and wetland loss, as well as increase flooding.



WILDFIRE

An uncontrolled fire that spreads through vegetation and possibly exposes and consumes structures. Wildfires can be caused by human acts such as arson or careless accidents, as well as by natural occurrences such as lightning.



DAM FAILURE

Dam failure can occur when there is a breach or collapse in the structure of a dam.



LEVEE FAILURE

A levee failure involves the overtopping, breaching or collapsing of a levee.



HAZARDOUS-MATERIALS INCIDENT

A man-made disaster, hazardous-materials incidents involve accidental or intentional releases of chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear materials.

City of Thibodaux Emergency Preparedness Cycle



Louisiana Emergency Information

REMEMBER TO CALL 911 IN ANY SITUATION THAT REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ASSISTANCE FROM THE POLICE, FIRE OR AMBULANCE SERVICES

LOUISIANA EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM

In the event of an emergency, turn to your local radio station for emergency information.

FOR TRAFFIC INFORMATION, ROAD CLOSURES, EVACUATION ROUTES AND OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION, VISIT:

Alert FM
alertfm.com



National Weather Service
weather.gov; for Doppler radar images navigate to radar.weather.gov



Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development
511la.org or dial 511 or 888-ROAD-511 (888-762-3511)



Get A Game Plan
getagameplan.org/evacInfo.htm



emergency.la.gov



Louisiana State Police
lsp.org or dial 800-469-4828



Way to Geaux; a new hands-free, eyes-free smartphone application providing Louisiana travelers access to around-the-clock, real-time traffic and road condition updates.



www.sp.dotd.la.gov/Residents/Pages/Travel_Information.aspx

American Red Cross
redcross.org/prepare/mobile-apps



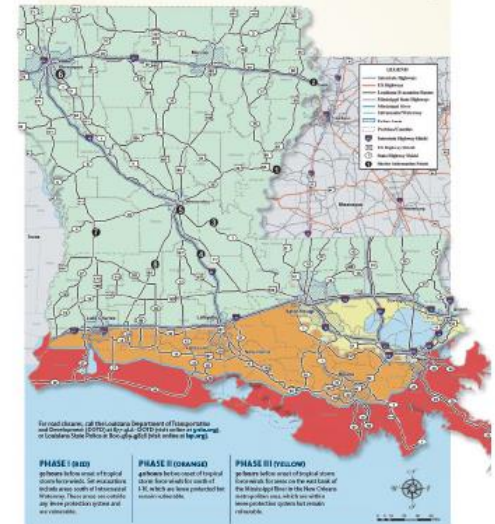
family
PLAN

business
PLAN

mitigation
PLAN

kids
PLAN

Louisiana Emergency Evacuation Map



2-1-1 is an easy-to-remember telephone number that connects callers to information about critical health and human services available in their community during crisis and at any time.

The 2-1-1 call is answered by an Information and Referral (I&R) specialist who assesses the caller's needs and refers the person to the appropriate community, social, health and/or government services. The caller is provided with phone numbers, programs and available services, location, hours of operation and whatever other information is relevant to the caller's inquiry.

For more information about 2-1-1 in Louisiana visit louisianaz11.org.

COORDINATED DISASTER INFORMATION

Food, Clothing // Shelters // Special Needs Housing Volunteer Management // Evacuation Routes Transportation Assistance // Crisis Counseling Prescription Assistance // Missing Persons Post Disaster Child Care // Rebuilding Assistance

HOW DOES 2-1-1 WORK IN LOUISIANA?

- Call 2-1-1 from any landline or mobile phone in Louisiana.
- 2-1-1 is staffed 24/7 with trained specialists to guide you to vital resources.
- 2-1-1 provides multilingual services and information for the hearing impaired.
- 2-1-1 maintains a computerized database of more than 15,000 resources and services statewide.



Family Preparation

PREPARE FOR AN EMERGENCY

- Know what emergencies or disasters are **most likely to occur** in your area and have a emergency kit pre-assembled.
- Inquire about **emergency plans** at places where your family spends time: work, daycare and school, faith organizations, sports events and commuting.
- **Refill prescriptions** so that you always have a seven (7) day supply.
- **Identify responsibilities** for each member of your household and plan to work together as a team.
- Know the difference between different weather **alerts** such as **watches** and **warnings** and what actions to take for each.
- Learn about your community's **warning signals** and frequently monitor television, NOAA radio, Internet and mobile apps.
 - >> Don't wait until the storm approaches to download your apps.
- If there is a chance you will have to evacuate, turn the refrigerator and freezer to the **coldest setting** and keep them closed as much as possible so that food will last longer if the power goes out.

- Veterinary and vaccination records for pets and livestock.
- Photos of your home and possessions.

EMERGENCY FUNDS

- Several factors should be considered as to how disasters will affect your family financially. You should be prepared to sustain yourself and your family away from your home for **several days** or, in a worst-case scenario, **several weeks** or even **months**. Be advised, government agencies may not be able to react as quickly as you think they should.
- **Evacuation expenses** include fuel, restaurants and your stay in hotels. When deciding how much cash to bring for each day, keep those three (3) items in mind and plan accordingly.
- Average **pet boarding costs** are different for each animal depending on size and special needs.
- You should budget enough money to pay for a **month's supply** of prescription medicines.
- During a disaster, credit and other bank card use may be limited due to loss of power and other disaster-related factors. Get more **cash** than you think will be necessary.

Pets



DISASTER PREPAREDNESS FOR PETS

Make sure you have:

- **Food** and **water** for at least three (3) days for each pet.
- Food and water bowls and a manual can opener.
- Depending on the pet, pack litter and litter box or newspapers, paper towels, plastic trash bags, grooming items and household bleach.
- Don't forget **pet medications** and medical records stored in a waterproof container, a first aid kit and a pet first aid book.
- Sturdy leashes, harnesses and carriers to transport pets safely and to ensure that your pets cannot escape. A carrier should be large enough for the animal to stand comfortably, turn around and lie down. Your pet may have to stay in the carrier for hours. Be sure to have a secure carrier with no loose objects. Include blankets or towels for bedding and warmth and other special items.
- Bring pet toys and the pet's bed, if you can easily take it, to reduce stress.
- **Current photos** and descriptions of your pets to help others identify them in case you and your pets become separated, and to prove that they are yours.